

EXHIBIT ANS117

EXHIBIT 17

067-311209-19

FILED
TARRANT COUNTY
7/19/2021 12:50 PM
THOMAS A. WILDER
DISTRICT CLERK

Cause No. 067-311209-19

**MBH REAL ESTATE LLC,
AFI LOAN SERVICING, LLC,
ANSON FINANCIAL, INC.,
J. MICHAEL FERGUSON, P.C.**

Plaintiffs

V.

**GHRIST LAW FIRM, PLLC ET. AL.
Defendants**

**§ IN THE DISTRICT COURT
§
§
§
§
§ 67th JUDICIAL DISTRICT
§
§
§ TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS**

**SECOND AMENDED MOTION TO PLACE MBH REAL ESTATE LLC, AFI LOAN
SERVICING LLC, AND J. MICHAEL FERGUSON PC INTO POST-JUDGMENT
RECEIVERSHIP**

AND MOTION TO COMPEL POST-JUDGMENT DISCOVERY RESPONSES

TO THE HONORABLE COURT

Change Log

The three changes to the original motion are that (1) the movants have added a request for the funds currently held in the Court's registry to be disbursed to the movants due to the issuance of the mandate and resulting expiration of the supersedeas cash bond. (2) the judgment creditors served post-judgment financial discovery requests on 6-11-2021, which were answered 7-12-2021 with a litany of frivolous copy-and-paste objections. The Court needs to overrule those objections and order the judgment debtors to comply with the discovery requests. (3) notwithstanding anything else herein to the contrary, this motion is not filed or set as to Anson Financial Inc. as it is in bankruptcy. No relief is requested against Anson Financial, Inc.

Start of Motion

COMES NOW, Ian Ghrist and Ghrist Law Firm PLLC, judgment creditors herein, and files this, their Motion for Receivership and would show:

EXHIBITS

Exhibit A: Post-Judgment Discovery Responses

Exhibit B: Financial Reports

Exhibit C: Opinion in 067-311209-19 in the 67th District Court (transferred from the 141st District Court, prior cause number 141-311209-19)

Exhibit D: Charge of the Court in 017-287611-16

Exhibit E: Net Worth Affidavit of J. Michael Ferguson and Anson Financial Inc.

Exhibit F: Real Estate Records of Judgment Debtors

Exhibit G: Hearing in this case on AFI's fees, inter alia

Exhibit H: Attorney fee affidavit

Exhibit I: Deficient Post-Judgment Discovery Responses

Exhibit J: 17th District Court Sanction

SUMMARY

The Court of Appeals affirmed the judgment of this Court. The mandate is issuing any day now as all deadlines for further contest of the judgment have now expired.

The judgment debtors are currently in contempt of court for failure to respond to post-judgment discovery after being ordered to respond. The judgment debtors are currently incurring a \$200.00 per day daily penalty for this noncompliance. They have also been sanctioned twice for non-compliance, once for \$500.00 and then for \$11,175.00 when the \$500.00 proved ineffective. None of these sanctions have been paid.

The judgment debtors own and are in possession of or have control over property and assets, including present or future rights thereto, that cannot readily be attached or levied on by ordinary legal process and that is not exempt from attachment, execution, or seizure for the satisfaction of liabilities. Specifically, the judgment debtors are servicing and collecting the payments from the mortgage loans and properties defined in Exhibit D as the “MBH Portfolio.” Furthermore, Anson Financial Inc. (hereinafter “Anson”) manages assets of an approximate value of \$17.2 million.¹ Anson owns and holds numerous mortgages.² Anson collects the monthly payments on those mortgages, tens of thousands of dollars’ worth monthly, and has remitted none of those funds to pay the sanctions levied against it or any portion of the judgment.

The mortgages are non-exempt property. The fees collected by Anson Financial Inc. for servicing the mortgages are also non-exempt property. The cash held by Anson Financial Inc. and the other judgment debtors is also non-exempt property.

I. LEGAL STANDARD

A judgment creditor is entitled to a post-judgment receivership “if the judgment debtor owns property, including present or future rights to property, that is not exempt from attachment, execution, or seizure for the satisfaction of liabilities.” Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code Ann. § 31.002(a). Unlike a pre-judgment receivership, in a post-judgment receivership, the only issue for the Court to determine is whether the debtor owns non-exempt property or not. Before 2017, the judgment creditor had to prove that the property could not be readily attached or levied on by ordinary legal process, however, the statute was amended to remove the foregoing requirement

¹ Ex. E, Paragraph 12.

² Ex. F.

such that it no longer matters whether the receivership property can readily be attached or levied on by ordinary legal process or not.³

The Court need not identify any specific property subject to turnover to the receiver.⁴

Instead, the court may order the judgment debtors to turnover all their non-exempt property until such time as the judgment is satisfied.

As a result of the foregoing, the only issue for this Court to determine is whether the judgment debtors “own property, including present or future rights to property, that is not exempt from attachment, execution, or seizure for the satisfaction of liabilities.” Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code Ann. § 31.002(a).

II. STATUS OF JUDGMENT

Case Number Chronology:

Date	Event	Case Number
9/20/2017	Original Case Filed	236-295012-17 – this was the original case number
9/17/2018	Case transferred from 236 th District Court to 141 st District Court	Case Number changed from 236-295012-17 to 141-295012-17
06/13/2019	Sendera Defendants severed into a different case number	All claims related to the Sendera Defendants were severed out of Case Number 141-295012-17 and became Case Number 141-295012-17 Judgement became final upon severance in the new Case Number

³ *Hamilton Metals, Inc. v. Glob. Metal Services, Ltd.*, 597 S.W.3d 870, 876 (Tex. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 2019, pet. filed) (“Under the unambiguous language of the amended statute, a judgment creditor no longer has the burden of proving that a judgment debtor’s property cannot readily be attached or levied on by ordinary legal process. See Act of May 24, 2017, 2017 Tex. Sess. Law Serv. at 4026.”).

⁴ “A court may enter or enforce an order under this section that requires the turnover of nonexempt property without identifying in the order the specific property subject to turnover.” Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code Ann. § 31.002(h).

09/16/2019	Ghrist Defendants severed into a different case number	All claims related to the Ghrist Defendants were severed out of Case Number 141-295012-17 and became Case Number 141-311209-19 Judgment became final upon severance in the new Case Number
9/24/2018	Original case ended	The original case with the remaining defendants ended in an order of dismissal with prejudice of Cause Number 141-295012-17
9/3/2020	Cause Number 141-311209-19 transferred from 141 st District Court to 67 th District Court	Case Number changed from 141-311209-19 to 067-311209-19

On the 9th day of May, 2019, the 141st Judicial District Court of Tarrant County, Texas, in Cause Number 141-295012-17 styled *MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC v. Ghrist Law Firm PLLC et. al.*, signed an order awarding monetary judgment to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC against MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC. On August 28th, 2020, Judge Chupp of the 141st District Court recused himself and, as a result, the case was transferred to Judge Cosby in the 67th Judicial District Court of Tarrant County, Texas by order signed by David L. Evans, the Presiding Judge for the Eighth Administrative Judicial Region of Texas, on September 3rd, 2020. The new cause number in the 67th District Court became 067-311209-19. On May 26th, 2020, the 141st Judicial District Court signed an order imposing a monetary sanction on MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC for failure to comply with post-judgment discovery. On November 19th, 2020, the 67th District Court signed an order imposing an additional monetary sanction for the continued failure to comply with post-judgment discovery.

Furthermore, the foregoing lawsuit was originally filed in the 236th Judicial District Court on 9-20-2017 under Cause Number 236-295012-17. On 9-13-2018, Judge Lowe recused, *sua sponte*, resulting in Judge R. H. Wallace, Jr., Acting Presiding Judge for the Eighth Administrative Judicial Region of Texas, signing an order on 9-17-2018 transferring Cause Number 236-295012-17 to Cause Number 141-295012-17 in the 141st Judicial District Court.

The amounts currently due from MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC are as follows:

Order signed 9-11-2019	\$17,043.75 jointly and severally owed by MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC
	\$97,623.75 jointly and severally owed by MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC
	Subtotal: \$114,667.50
	Interest on Subtotal: \$17.28 per day for each day after 9-11-2019
	\$6,300.00 owed by Anson Financial Inc. to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC
	\$9,197.50 owed by Anson Financial Inc. to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC
	Subtotal: \$15,497.50
	Interest on Subtotal: \$2.34 per day for each day after 9-11-2019
	\$10,217.50 owed by MBH Real Estate LLC to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC
	Subtotal: \$10,217.50
	Interest on Subtotal: \$1.54 per day for each day after 9-11-2019
	\$15,000.00 jointly and severally owed by MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC
	Subtotal: \$15,000.00
	Interest on Subtotal: \$2.26 per day for each day after 12-2-2020 (date of oral argument when most of the work had been completed for the appeal)
	Total owed under the 9-11-2019 order: \$155,382.50 plus interest

Order signed 5-26-2020	\$500.00 jointly and severally owed by MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC
Order signed 11-19-2020	<p>\$11,175.00 jointly and severally owed by MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC</p> <p>And \$200.00 per day jointly and severally owed by MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC to the Court for each date after 11-19-2020 that MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC fail to comply with the Court's order signed 5/26/2020</p>
Court costs	<p>\$3,731.00 from the spreadsheet filed 1-27-2020 jointly and severally owed by MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC</p> <p>Subtotal: \$3,731.00 Interest on Subtotal: \$0.56 per day since 9-11-2019</p> <p>\$592.00 paid to Tina Fett on 1-17-2020 for supplemental reporter's record \$212.00 paid on or about 1-21-2020 for the supplemental clerk's record</p> <p>Subtotal: \$804.00 Interest on Subtotal: \$0.12 per day since 1-21-2020</p> <p>Court costs (may continue to accrue and subject to adjustment upon receipt of a bill of costs): \$4,535.00 plus interest</p>
	Total due to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC under all orders to date: \$171,592.50 plus interest
	Total due to the Court: \$200.00 per day jointly and severally owed by MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, p Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC to the Court for each date after 11-19-2020 that MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael Ferguson PC fail to comply with the Court's order signed 5/26/2020

The judgment debtors include:

Anson Financial Inc. 62 Main Street, Suite 310 Colleyville, Texas 76034	MBH Real Estate LLC 62 Main Street, Suite 310 Colleyville, Texas 76034
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817-267-1007 Fax 817-485-1117 Last three digits of EIN: x741	817-267-1007 Fax 817-485-1117 Last three digits of EIN: x410
AFI Loan Servicing LLC 62 Main Street, Suite 310 Colleyville, Texas 76034 817-267-1007 Fax 817-485-1117 Last three digits of EIN: x988	J Michael Ferguson PC 62 Main Street, Suite 310 Colleyville, Texas 76034 817-267-1007 Fax 817-485-1117 Last three digits of EIN: x373

III. PROPERTY SUBJECT TO COLLECTIONS

The judgment debtors have stated that the judgment debtor's assets in the MBH Portfolio,⁵ generated \$748,514.92 in gross income for the past 48 months.⁶ Furthermore, the judgment debtors have \$600,000.00 in cash on hand. AFI Loan Servicing LLC earns loan servicing fees and has income from loan servicing.⁷ As of 7-31-2018, the MBH Portfolio assets held in MBH Real Estate LLC⁸ included mortgages with a combined total principal balance of \$745,452.21.⁹

J. Michael Ferguson previously signed an affidavit stating that "Anson [Financial Inc.] has been in business for nearly thirty (30) years and currently manages assets of an approximate value of \$17.2 million. I am the sole shareholder of Ferguson PC, and my personal net worth is in excess of seven million dollars."¹⁰

Anson Financial Inc. not only services mortgage loans, but owns numerous mortgages in Tarrant County alone.¹¹ Anson Financial Inc. owns and services mortgage loans, which are non-

⁵ As defined in Exhibit D

⁶ Ex. A, Answer #23

⁷ Ex. G, p. 25 *et. seq.*

⁸ Ex. C, p. 8

⁹ Ex. B (2018-7-31 Balance Report)

¹⁰ Ex. E, Paragraph 12

¹¹ Ex. F. (Ex. F_0129 to Ex F_0147 were produced by the judgment debtors in post-judgment discovery).

exempt assets that may be placed into receivership. Given that all judgment debtors are business entities, all of their property and assets are non-exempt. If the judgment debtors plan to claim an exemption, then they should be ordered to state the basis for the exemption and describe the property that is claimed as being exempt—all with reasonable specificity.

While the receivership statute no longer requires evidence that property of the judgment debtors cannot be readily attached or levied on by ordinary legal process and no longer requires the order to turn over the assets to a receiver to specifically identify any particular assets, these assets, mortgage loans, are not the type of assets that the constable could readily seize and auction off at the courthouse. Probably, a receiver needs to be appointed who can hire a loan servicing company, a bookkeeper, and such other employees and staff as are necessary to take over the collections of the payments on the mortgage loans held by Anson Financial Inc. and the assets of the other judgment debtors, including but not limited to the MBH Portfolio and any fees charged or obtained by AFI Loan Servicing LLC or fees due to J. Michael Ferguson PC.

IV. REQUEST FOR RECEIVERSHIP

Movant asks the Court to appoint an appropriate person as receiver of the property and order judgment debtors to turn over their present and future property and rights to receive property, as well as all documents and records relating to the property, to the receiver. The Court should authorize and empower the receiver to seize or otherwise take possession and control of all of the judgment debtor's right, title, and interest in nonexempt property and to sell property now known or later discovered, manage the business of the judgment debtors to the extend necessary to preserve and maintain the property and assets of the judgment debtors for the benefit of the judgment creditors, collect and disburse proceeds of income-producing property, and seize and compel turnover of bank accounts.

The Court should further authorize and empower the receiver to seize and compel the debtor to turn over all real estate (other than homestead), all bank accounts, all accounts receivable, all instruments, all notes, all deeds of trust, all leases, all cash, all equipment, all software, all business records, all causes of action, all income from business, all nonexempt property held by third party yet subject to the debtor's control, and all shares of stock or other business equity.

The Court should further authorize and empower the receiver to sell property to satisfy the judgment or to turn over property to the constable for sale. The Court should finally authorize the receiver and the constable to issue appropriate deeds and such other instruments as necessary to convey the sold property to the buyers of such property. Alternatively, or in addition, Movant requests that the Court order judgment debtors to turn over the property listed above along with all of their other non-exempt property, together with all documents and records related to any of the judgment debtor's property, to the County Sheriff or the Receiver for sale as under writ of execution and application of the proceeds to the satisfaction of Movant's judgment.

The movant's preferred receivers include, but are not limited to:

1. Jonathan Gitlin
972-435-4312
JGitlin@patellegal.com
1125 Executive Circle, Suite 200
Irving, Texas 75038
2. Guillermo H. Ramos
The Ramos Law Firm PLLC
ghr@theramosfirm.com
2704 Valley View Lane
Farmer's Branch, Texas 75234
Phone: (972) 201-9977
Fax: (972) 247-3501
3. Brett Jackson Wyatt
1320 South University Drive Suite 806
Fort Worth, Texas 76107

Phone: 817-338-0724
Fax: 817-338-0769
bwyatt@GordonSykes.com

V. ATTORNEY'S FEES AND RECEIVER'S FEES

As a result of the judgment debtor's failure to pay the judgment rendered in this cause, the judgment creditors incurred or will incur attorney's fees. Movant asks to recover the amounts in the attached fee affidavit.¹²

The Receiver should also be awarded and receive, out of the assets of the judgment debtors, a reasonable fee for the Receiver's services. The order on this motion should provide for the Receiver to set aside the judgment debtor's funds and assets to secure payment of the Receiver's fee and allow the Receiver to deposit the judgment debtor's assets into this Court's registry.

VI. JUDGMENT DEBTORS AND THEIR COUNSEL, J. MICHAEL FERGUSON AND KATHRYN MAGAN MUST BE ORDERED TO COMPLY WITH THE DISCOVERY REQUESTS

6.1 On 6-11-2021, post-judgment financial discovery requests were served. This was after the Court of Appeals issued the mandate. On 7-12-2021, Mr. Ferguson answered the requests with a litany of frivolous copy-and-paste objections. Nothing whatsoever was produced other than the litany of bad faith, unfounded, vague, general, and copy-and-paste objections. The objections consisted of nothing more than the general, boilerplate objections that are prohibited under T.R.C.P. 193. Worse, none of the interrogatories were answered and nothing was produced in response to the requests for production. Given that the judgment debtors refuse to disclose their financial information, the Court and the judgment creditors must assume that the judgment debtors are hiding their assets in order to defraud the Court and their creditors.

¹² Ex. H

6.2 **Rules Applicable to Discovery Objections:** First, “A party may object to written discovery only if a good faith factual and legal basis for the objection exists at the time the objection is made.” T.R.C.P. 193.2(c). Second, an objection “that is obscured by numerous unfounded objections, is waived.” *Id.* at §§ (e). Third, under T.R.C.P. 193.2(b), there is a duty to respond to the scope that the objecting party concedes is relevant. *Also see In re HEB Grocery Co., L.P.*, 375 S.W.3d 497, 506 (Tex. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 2012, no pet.) (A party objecting to discovery still must “produce the discovery it concedes is relevant as it is required to do under Texas Rule of Civil Procedure 193.2(b).”). Fourth, a party objecting must disclose “the extent to which the party is refusing to comply with the request.” T.R.C.P. 193.2(a). Fifth, “The burden is on the party objecting to discovery to plead the particular objection and to ‘produce any evidence *necessary* to support’ its objection and why it should not be required to produce the discovery. Tex.R.Civ.P. 166b(4) (emphasis added).” *MCI Telecommunications Corp. v. Crowley*, 899 S.W.2d 399, 402–03 (Tex. App.—Fort Worth 1995, no writ).

6.3 Furthermore,

“Under the former discovery rules, objections and privilege claims not asserted within the time for responding were waived. Hecht & Pemberton, *supra*, at F–3. To avoid waiver, parties frequently, out of an abundance of caution, asserted voluminous prophylactic general objections that often proved unnecessary. *Id.* This defeated the purpose of discovery and caused unnecessary expense. *Id.*

A primary goal of all of the groups considering discovery reform in anticipation of revising the former discovery rules was to rid the system of prophylactic objections. 47 Alex Wilson Albright et al., *Texas Practice Series: Handbook on Texas Discovery Practice* § 7:3 (2012 ed.). As a result, Rule 193 requires a good faith legal and factual basis at the time the objection is made. *See* TEX. R. CIV. P. 193.2(c). Additionally, an objection that is obscured by numerous unfounded objections is waived unless the court excuses the waiver for good cause shown. TEX. R. CIV. P. 193.2(e).

These two provisions eliminate the perceived need for, and the practice of making, prophylactic objections to prevent a waiver of discovery objections. *See* Wise, *supra*, at 562 (“These provisions’ obvious purpose is to eliminate the

practice of interposing numerous hypothetical or prophylactic objections to ... prevent a waiver of objections."); *see also* Hecht & Pemberton, *supra*, at F-3."

In re Park Cities Bank, 409 S.W.3d 859, 877 (Tex. App.—Tyler 2013, no pet.) (emphasis added).

6.4 Furthermore,

“(c) Option to Produce Records. If the answer to an interrogatory may be derived . . . from the responding party's business records . . . the responding party may answer the interrogatory by specifying and, if applicable, producing the records or compilation. . . . The records from which the answer may be derived or ascertained must be specified in sufficient detail to permit the requesting party to locate and identify them as readily as can the responding party.”

Tex. R. Civ. P. 197.2 (emphasis added)

6.5 Furthermore,

“(c) Effect of Signature on Discovery Request, Notice, Response, or Objection. The signature of an attorney or party on a discovery request, notice, response, or objection constitutes a certification that to the best of the signer's knowledge, information, and belief, formed after a reasonable inquiry, the request, notice, response, or objection:

- (1) is consistent with the rules of civil procedure and these discovery rules and warranted by existing law or a good faith argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law;
 - (2) has a good faith factual basis;
 - (3) is not interposed for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation; and
 - (4) is not unreasonable or unduly burdensome or expensive, given the needs of the case, the discovery already had in the case, the amount in controversy, and the importance of the issues at stake in the litigation.
- . . .

(e) Sanctions. If the certification is false without substantial justification, the court may, upon motion or its own initiative, impose on the person who made the certification, or the party on whose behalf the request, notice, response, or objection was made, or both, an appropriate sanction as for a frivolous pleading or motion under Chapter 10 of the Civil Practice and Remedies Code.”

Tex. R. Civ. P. 191.3

6.6 The objection that the post-judgment interrogatories exceeds some limit is utterly frivolous given that Tex. R. Civ. P. 190.6 specifically exempts discovery in aid of judgment from the limitations.

6.7 Furthermore, the argument that MBH Real Estate LLC does not have to respond to discovery because it “is an asset of Anson” is frivolous. *See Pavers & Rd. Builders Dist. Council Welfare Fund v. Core Contracting of N.Y., LLC*, 536 B.R. 48, 51 (E.D.N.Y. 2015) (“If the non-debtor entity wants that protection, it need only file its own petition.”). In other words, if MBH Real Estate LLC wants to have a bankruptcy stay, then it must file a bankruptcy. The bankruptcy courts have rules related to asking for stay extensions as to non-debtor entities, none of which are relevant here given that no one has applied for or obtained any such non-debtor stay extension.

6.8 When a party refuses to answer discovery, the Court may “presume that an asserted claim or defense lacks merit and dispose of it.” *TransAmerican Nat. Gas Corp. v. Powell*, 811 S.W.2d 913, 918 (Tex. 1991). Here, lesser sanctions have already been imposed and have been ineffective in securing compliance.

6.9 Debtor’s sole owner/operator was sanctioned by the 17th District Court and ordered to pay Ghrist Law Firm PLLC’s court reporter costs due to Mr. Joe Michael Ferguson’s wrongful refusal to answer questions in a deposition.¹³

6.10 On 5/21/2020, the Debtor was sanctioned \$500 in this case for failure to respond to post-judgment financial discovery and ordered to respond and produce financial records.

¹³ Ex. J.

6.11 On 11/19/2020, Joe Michael Ferguson, counsel for the judgment debtors, was held in contempt of court for failure to respond to post-judgment discovery. At the same time, judgment debtors were sanctioned again and ordered to pay an additional \$11,175 in attorney's fees as discovery sanctions. Finally, the 67th District Court of Tarrant County, Texas ordered judgment debtors to pay a \$200 per day civil penalty to the Court for each day after 11/19/2020 that Debtors failed to purge themselves of contempt by responding to the financial discovery and producing the financial records.

6.12 To this day, Debtors still have not fully responded to and produced the financial discovery records. The \$200 per day penalty remains accruing for failure to produce financial records.

6.13 Now, the judgement debtors refuse to answer any post-judgment interrogatories or requests for production. The debtors copied and pasted the same form objections onto the response for every post-judgment interrogatory and every post-judgment request for production regardless of whether the objections applied or did not apply. On their face, the objections failed to comply with the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure.

6.14 The Court should assume that the judgment debtors are hiding assets and financial information, grant the receivership, and order the Tarrant County Constable to seize the judgment debtor's Quickbooks and Notesmith computer files and turn those computer files over to the judgment creditors and to the Court.

VII. PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Movant requests that the Court:

After notice and hearing, grant this motion, award the relief referenced in the proposed order filed contemporaneously herewith, and:

- a. Appoint a qualified person as Receiver for the property described in this motion.
- b. Order judgment debtors, and J. Michael Ferguson (their agent, controlling person, and attorney), to turn over and deliver to the Receiver or to the constable, without delay, all of their property and evidence related to their property and all documents relating to or evidencing Defendant's interest in that property.
- c. Direct and empower the receiver to possess, control, and deal with the property as set out in this motion or otherwise so as to apply the property toward satisfaction of Movant's judgment or the Receiver's compensation, or other costs.
- d. Render judgment against judgment debtors in favor of Movant for attorney's fees as requested, together with interest as allowed by law, costs of suit, and such other and further relief as to which Movant may be entitled.
- e. Furthermore, the \$5,150 in fees from the 1/25/2021-filed motion in this case are still under advisement and we ask those fees to be added on to the amounts due hereunder.
- f. In addition to the foregoing, please sign an order to the clerk to disburse the supersedeas bond funds to Ghrist Law Firm PLLC.
- g. Sign the proposed order submitted in connection with this motion.
- h. Overrule the judgment debtors' objections to the post-judgment discovery requests served 6-11-2021 and order the judgment debtors and their counsel, J. Michael Ferguson and Kathryn Magan to respond fully to the Third Set of Post-Judgment Requests for Production and the Second Set of Post-Judgment Interrogatories.
- i. Sanction J. Michael Ferguson and Kathryn Magan for raising frivolous discovery objections and failing to produce any responsive items.
- j. Leave Anson Financial Inc. out of the order on the motion due to its pending bankruptcy case.

Respectfully submitted,

GHRIST LAW FIRM PLLC

/s/ Ian Ghrist

Ian Ghrist
SBOT No. 24073449
4016 Gateway Drive Suite 130
Colleyville, Texas 76034
Phone (817) 778-4136
Fax (817) 900-2863

ian@ghristlaw.com
Attorney for Ian Ghrist and Ghrist Law Firm PLLC

Certificate of Service

I hereby certify that on this the 19th day of July, 2021, this instrument was served upon the following by electronic service, and to the rest of the electronic service list for the case.

MBH Real Estate LLC, AFI Loan Servicing
LLC, Anson Financial Inc., and J. Michael
Ferguson PC
62 Main Street, Suite 310
Colleyville, Texas 76034
by their Attorney, J. Michael Ferguson
legal@fnalegal.com
Kathryn Magan kathryn@fnalegal.com

/s/ Ian Ghrist
Ian Ghrist

Certificate of Conference

A conference was held on the 18th day of July, 2021 with J. Michael Ferguson and Kathryn Magan on the merits of this motion. A reasonable effort has been made to resolve the dispute without the necessity of court intervention and the effort failed. Therefore it is presented to the Court for determination.

/s/ Ian Ghrist
Ian Ghrist

Verification

My name is Ian Ghrist. My date of birth is 1983. My address is 4016 Gateway Drive, Suite 130, Colleyville, Texas 76034. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed in Tarrant County, State of Texas, on the 19th day of July, 2021.

/s/ Ian Ghrist
Ian Ghrist